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APPLICATION FOR UNITED STATES LETTERS PATENT

FOR

**Techniques For Displaying Non-blocking Always Visible
Displays And Their Applications**

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

10 2. Background Information

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bit save array, where its content may be selectively transferred into a screen memory. Another example is U.S. Patent 5,999,191 a software approach for selectively blending the contents of a number of display windows to achieve the transparency or translucent effect is disclosed. The technique is designed for
5 implementation by an operating system (as applications generally do not have access to the contents of the display windows of other applications).

However, in a number of execution environments, such as the Windows' Operating System of Microsoft Corp, Redmond, WA, while the operating system supports GUIs and windowing of displays, the operating system does not provide
10 any support for transparent or translucent windows. As a result, the evolution of GUIs to provide ever more satisfying user experience in these environments has been stymied. For example, while the task bar is a very useful feature, in order to minimize its blocking effect on other windows, it typically has to be either hidden or kept to a relatively small size. Obviously, if it is hidden, it has to be re-displayed
15 whenever it is needed, and while it is hidden, the descriptions of the various open windows are not visible. But even if it is displayed, as a result of its typical small size, the descriptions of the various open windows are virtually incomprehensible most of the times. Similarly, if a user desires to monitor the on-line world, e.g. to continually receive stock quotes or news headlines, as increasingly more and more
20 users want to do, again in order minimize its blocking effect on other windows, the monitoring browser window must be kept relatively small and at a corner. Moreover, there is no visible differentiation between the windows displaying results of locally executed applications, and contents streamed from the on-line world. Likewise, while the emergence of an animated assistant improves a user's experience, its
25 presence often blocks access to various contents or function buttons/icons. As a result, a user has to frequently relocate the animated assistant or "close" it. Further,

manufacturers and/or content providers would like to be able to persistently display an always visible logo or other identifying marks, if not for the concern of irritating a user because the logo/mark may obstruct the user's view of other contents.

Thus, additional techniques for displaying and applying non-blocking always visible displays (including windows), especially in operating environments where such supports are not provided by the operating system, are desired.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

A non-blocking always visible display application is provided to copy and save first pixel values corresponding to a first display screen area, blend the copied first pixel values with second pixel values corresponding to a non-blocking always visible display to generate third pixel values, and replace the original first pixel values with the third pixel values to effectuate display of the non-blocking always visible display.

In one embodiment, the application further monitors for display operations that impact the first display screen area, and upon detection of such a display operation, replaces the third pixel values with the first pixel values using the saved first pixel values. Thereafter, upon completion of the impacting display operation, the application copies and saves fourth pixel values corresponding to the first display screen area, blends the copied fourth pixel values with the second pixel values to generate fifth pixel values, and replaces the original fourth pixel values with the fifth pixel values to sustain the non-blocking always visible characteristic of the non-blocking always visible display. In one embodiment, the re-blending and replacement is advantageously delayed to improve efficiency of operation.

In another embodiment, the application further intercepts cursor events associated with the first display screen area, and determines whether the cursor events are to be handled or to be handled by another application program associated with an underlying display window, based at least in part on a current
5 blending bias between the non-blocking always visible display and the underlying display windows.

In one embodiment, the non-blocking always visible display is a window. In other embodiments, it is an on-line data monitor, a task bar, an animated assistant or a logo/mark.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

The present invention will be described by way of exemplary embodiments, but not limitations, illustrated in the accompanying drawings in which like references
5 denote similar elements, and in which:

Figures 1a-1e illustrate a number of end user interface views of a number of contemplated applications of the present invention, in accordance with a number of embodiments;

Figure 2 illustrates a component view of a system, incorporated with the non-
10 blocking always visible display application of the present invention, in accordance with one embodiment;

Figures 3-7 illustrate the operational flow of the relevant aspects of the non-
blocking always visible display application of **Fig. 1**, including its overall flow,
response to a display call, response to a blend sub-function call, response to an
15 intercepted display screen memory operation function call, response to a relevant cursor event, in accordance with one embodiment each; and

Figure 8 illustrates an architectural view of an example computer system suitable for practicing the present invention, in accordance with one embodiment.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

In the following description, various aspects of the present invention will be described. However, it will be apparent to those skilled in the art that the present
25 invention may be practiced with only some or all aspects of the present invention. For purposes of explanation, specific numbers, materials and configurations are set

5 Parts of the description will be presented using terms such as end-user
interfaces, buttons, and so forth, commonly employed by those skilled in the art to
convey the substance of their work to others skilled in the art. Parts of the description
will be presented in terms of operations performed by a computing device, using
terms such as monitoring, intercepting, copying, saving, replacing, and so forth. As
10 well understood by those skilled in the art, these quantities and operations take the
form of electrical, magnetic, or optical signals capable of being stored, transferred,
combined, and otherwise manipulated through mechanical and electrical components
of a digital system. The term digital system includes general purpose as well as
special purpose computing machines, systems, and the like, that are standalone,
15 adjunct or embedded.

20 phrase does not necessarily refer to the same embodiment, although it may.

Overview of Applications

25 accordance with one embodiment each, are shown. As illustrated in **Fig. 1a**, the non-blocking always visible display application of the present invention is designed

to be able to generate known non-blocking always visible display window, as exemplified by window **104**, where both contents of window **104** as well as contents of window **102** in their intersecting area **106** are visible. However, as will be described in more detail below, the non-blocking always visible display application of the present invention generates the non-blocking always visible display window in the role of an application, without operating system or hardware supports designed to support the generation of transparent/translucent display windows.

As illustrated in **Figs 1b-1e**, the present invention contemplates the extension of the capabilities of the non-blocking always visible display applications into the generation of non-blocking always visible on-line data monitor, such as monitor **106**, for monitoring on-line stock data, headlines and the like, non-blocking always visible tool bars, such as tool bar **124**, non-blocking always visible animated objects, such as assistant **134**, and non-blocking always visible logo/mark, such as mark **146**. In each case, "underlying" contents in the intersecting display screen areas, such as areas **108**, **128**, **136**, and **144**, are also visible (as well as interactable). As a result of this visibility (and interactability), it is much more acceptable to keep on-line monitor **106**, tool bar **124**, animated object **134** and logo/mark **144** open, displayed or running.

Component View of Environment

Referring now to **Figure 2**, wherein a block diagram illustrating a component view of a system environment suitable for practicing the present invention, in accordance with one embodiment. As illustrated, system environment **200** include operating system **204** having window manager **206**, graphics services **208** and device drivers **210**, offering a number of system services in support of applications, such as applications **202**. Among the services offered are windowing services

offered by window manager **206** to facilitate concurrent display of the execution results of multiple applications **202** executing at the same time. The services also include graphics services offered by graphics services **208** to facilitate graphics rendering by the executing applications. These graphics services include high level graphics calls for rendering complex graphical objects, as well as low level "direct draw" services for rendering low level detail graphical primitives. Device drivers **210** offer various device specific services, including in particular display rendering and associated operations on the pixel value contents of the display screen memory (not shown). Further, operating system **204** includes services for notifying applications **202** of cursor events associated with the display windows of the applications, as well as automatic handling of a number of basic cursor events, e.g. "dragging" or otherwise relocating a display window. However, it is not necessary for operating system **204** to offer any service specifically designed to support the generation and rendering of transparent/translucent displays.

Non-blocking always visible display application **212** operates as an application to operating system **204**, just like any other applications **202**. If operating system **204** offers re-direction services for re-directing function calls and/or cursor events, non-blocking always visible display application **212** would take advantage of these services, and registers itself for such re-direction. However, such services are optional. If they are not offered, non-blocking always visible display application **212** effectuates the desired re-directs, through one of a number of call/notification interception techniques known in the art, e.g. through modification of the task table of operating system **204**.

Overall Operational Flow

Figure 3 illustrates the overall operational flow of the relevant aspects of non-blocking always visible display application **212** of the present invention, in accordance with one embodiment. As illustrated, during initialization or set up time, non-blocking always visible display application **212** would "register" itself (as described earlier) with operating system **204** to redirect all display screen memory operation calls to device driver **210** to itself, block **302**. Thereafter, non-blocking always visible display application **212** would await for event notifications (including redirected "calls"), block **304**. Upon notified of an event, non-blocking (NB) always visible display application **212** would handle the notification accordingly, block **306**. In particular, NB always visible display application **212** would handle certain call and cursor event redirections as set forth below.

Response to Displaying a NB Always Visible Display

Figure 4 illustrates the operational flow of the relevant aspects of NB always visible display application **212** of the present invention, when responding to a request to render a NB always visible display, in accordance with one embodiment. As illustrated, in response to a call (e.g. by another application) to render such display, e.g. NB always visible window **104**, on-line data monitor **106**, tool bar **124**, animated assistant **134**, and logo/mark **144**, NB always visible application **212** determines the physical location of the display screen area, on which the NB always visible display is to be displayed. The determination is typically made by mapping the logical location information provided with the function call to the actual physical location. Alternatively, such as the contemplated logo/mark application, the location may be defaulted to an initial area.

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Sub B

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Thereafter, NB always visible display application **212** causes the original corresponding pixel values in the display screen memory to be replaced by the newly generated pixel values representing the blended content, block **506**. In one embodiment, NB always visible display application **212** stores the pixel values of the blended content in a third buffer (also not shown), and marks the buffer as “dirty” (i.e. its content changed). For this embodiment, NB always visible display application **212** includes a “thread” that periodically checks to determine if the blended content buffer has been marked “dirty”. If not, no action is taken. But, if it is, it copies the newly generated pixel values from the blended content buffer into the display screen memory replacing the earlier described original pixel values corresponding to the display screen area where the NB always visible display is to be displayed.

[As those skilled in the art would appreciate, when ($\alpha = .5$), both the underlying contents as well as the content of the NB always visible display are equally favored. On the other hand, if ($\alpha < .5$), the underlying content is biased or favored, and if ($\alpha > .5$), the content of the NB always visible display is biased or favored.]

Operations impacting underlying content

Figure 6 illustrates the operational flow of the relevant aspects of NB always visible display application **212** of the present invention, on handling graphics services and display screen memory operation calls, in accordance with one embodiment. As illustrated, upon intercepting a display screen memory operation call, NB always visible display application **212** determines if the call is relevant, i.e. whether the operation will impact the display screen area where the NB always visible display is displayed, block **602**. NB always visible display application **212**

If it is determined that the call is not relevant, i.e. the operation does not impact the display screen area where the NB always visible display is displayed, NB always visible display application **212** forwards the call to its specified recipient, i.e. device drivers **210**, for handling, block **604**. On the other hand, if it is determined that the call is relevant, i.e. the operation does impact the display screen area where the NB always visible display is displayed, NB always visible display application **212** first restores the saved pixel values for the area, block **606**, before forwarding the call to the intended recipient to handle, block **608**. Thereafter, NB always visible display application **212** awaits completion of the operation, block **610**, which may be accomplished in any one of a number of techniques known in the art. Upon detecting completion of the operation, NB always visible display application **212** invokes the blending sub-function to regenerate the blended content, and causes the newly generated blended content to be output substantially as described earlier, block **612**.

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content is then marked "dirty", and an asynchronously executing thread is employed to periodically check for the need to re-output the blended content. As those skilled in the art will appreciate, the delayed re-blending and asynchronous output provide a more efficient manner of operation. The amount of delay is application dependent and may be empirically chosen.

Thus, through interception of calls to display screen memory operations by device driver **210**, NB always visible display application **212** is nevertheless able to facilitate proper processing of the underlying contents, notwithstanding the absence of specifically designed transparent/translucent display support by the operating system, and application **212** is executing as a non-privileged application.

Handling Cursor Events in the Display Area

Figure 7 illustrates the operational flow of the relevant aspects of NB always visible display application **212** of the present invention, for handling cursor events associated with the display area where the NB always visible display is displayed, in accordance with one embodiment. As illustrated, upon intercepting a cursor event notification, NB always visible display application **212** determines if the blended content is fully biased in favor of the NB always visible display, block **702**. In one embodiment, NB always visible display application **212** makes the determination by examining the current blending setting, i.e. the value of α , to see if α is substantially equal to 1.

If not, NB always visible display application **212** increases the current blending setting, i.e. the value of α , and invokes the blending sub-function to re-blend the contents and causing the newly generated blended contents to be output, block **704**. Upon doing so, NB always visible display application **212** forwards the

cursor event to the application associated with the underlying content to handle, block **706**.

On the other hand, if back at block **702**, it is determined that the blended content is fully biased in favor of the NB always visible display, i.e. α is substantially equal to 1, NB always visible display application **212** would handle the cursor event itself, block **708**.

As those skilled in the art would appreciate, the effect of these operations is to cause the NB always visible display to gradually become "hardened" (therefore blocking) if a user moves the cursor into the display area. If the user further clicks on the area before the NB always visible display is fully hardened, by virtue of forwarding the cursor event to an application program associated with an underlying window to handle unless the NB always visible display is "hardened", the user's action is effectively interpreted as wanting to interact with the underlying content. On the other hand, if the user waits for the "hardening" of the display area before clicking on the area, by virtue of handling the cursor event under the circumstances, the user's action is effectively interpreted as wanting to interact with the NB always visible display.

The speed the NB always visible display "hardens" depends on how fast α is incremented towards 1. The pace is application dependent. Further, it is not necessary for α to reach 1 before the NB always visible display is consider "fully" biased or hardened. The level at which NB always visible display is to be deem "fully" biased or hardened is also application dependent.

Accordingly, through interception of cursor event notification, and gradual "hardening" of the NB always visible display, NB always visible display application **212** is also nevertheless able to facilitate proper interaction with the underlying contents or the NB always visible display, notwithstanding the absence of

specifically designed transparent/translucent display support by the operating system/hardware, and application **212** is executing as a non-privileged application.

Example Computer System

5 **Figure 8** illustrates an example computer system suitable for use to practice the present invention, in accordance with one embodiment. As shown, system **800** includes one or more processors **802** and system memory **806**. Additionally, system **800** includes mass storage devices **806** (such as diskette, hard drive, CDROM and so forth), GPIO **808** (for interfacing with I/O devices such as keyboard, cursor control and so forth) and communication interfaces **810** (such as network interface cards, modems and so forth). The elements are coupled to each other via system bus **812**, which represents one or more buses. In the case of multiple buses, they are bridged by one or more bus bridges (not shown). Each of these elements perform its conventional functions known in the art. In particular, system memory

10 **804** and mass storage **806** are employed to store a working copy **814b** and a permanent copy **814a** of the programming instructions implementing NB always visible display application **212**. Except for its use to host the novel NB always visible display application **212** of the present invention, and practice display of NB always visible displays, such as on-line monitor **106**, task bar **124**, animated assistant **134**

15 and logo/mark **144**. The constitution of these elements **802-814** are known, and accordingly will not be further described.

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 Accordingly, a set of techniques associated with efficient rendering of non-blocking always visible displays have been described. It can be seen that the

25 techniques may effectuate the desired displays without requiring supports from the operating system or hardware, that are specifically designed for the rendering of

While the present invention has been described in terms of the above illustrated embodiments, those skilled in the art will recognize that the invention is not limited to the embodiments described. The present invention can be practiced with modification and alteration within the spirit and scope of the appended claims. Thus, the description is to be regarded as illustrative instead of restrictive on the present invention.

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